FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended March 31, 2010

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

4N498 TOWNHALL ROAD ST. CHARLES, ILLINOIS

John Kupar Supervisor

Richard Johansen Town Clerk

Sam Gallucci Highway Commissioner

> Alan Rottmann Assessor

Trustees

Christian Boissonnas

Becky Lambe

Thomas Stutesman

Greg Van Zandt

A Sikich LLP

Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

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998 Corporate Boulevard • Aurora, IL 60502

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Town Supervisor Members of the Board of Trustees Campton Township St. Charles, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois as of and for the year ended March 31, 2010, which collectively comprise Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois, as of March 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

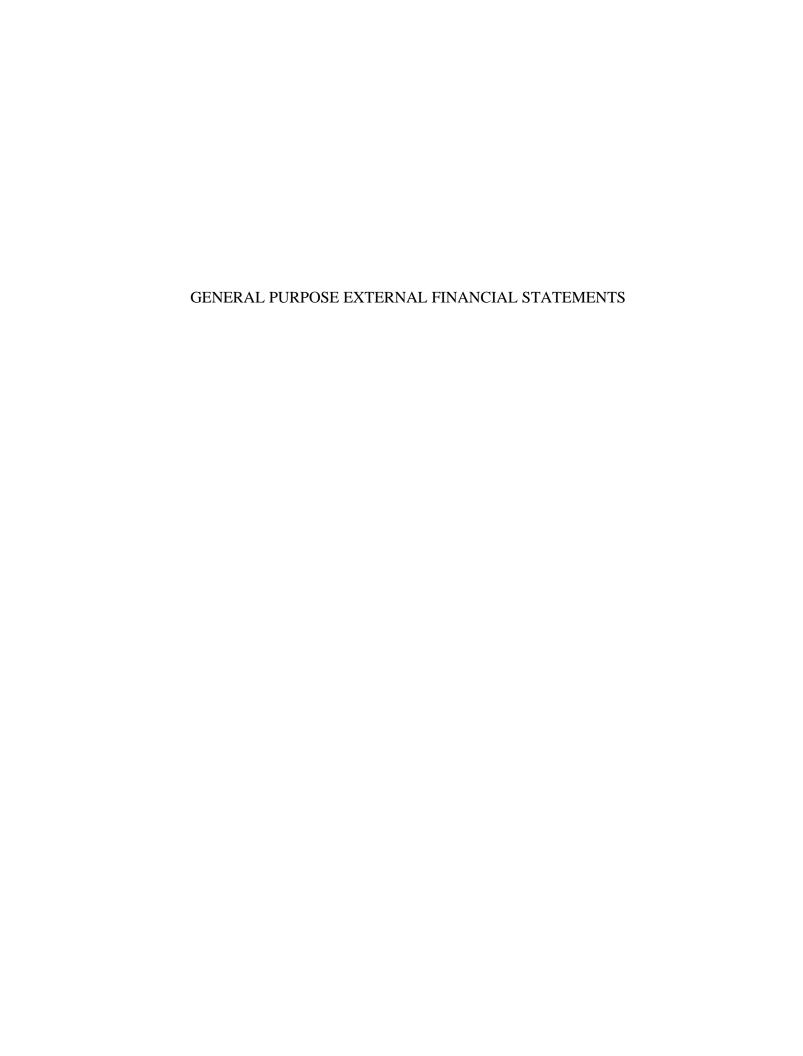
The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Schill LLP

The supplemental information listed in the table of contents was not audited by us, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

Aurora, Illinois June 7, 2010



CAMPTON TOWNSHIP MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009

Our discussion and analysis of Campton Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the Township's financial statements as a whole.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$16,276,729 (net assets). The \$3 million increase in net assets was primarily due to \$2.2 million in roadway capital assets reverting back to the township from the recently incorporated Village of Campton Hills formed in April 2007 within the township's 36 square mile area. The change of ownership/jurisdiction for the roads and infrastructure occurred due to de-annexation petitions approved by the court legislation.
- For the year the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, indicates total expenditures exceeded total revenues. The deficiency was mainly due to capital improvements in the open space fund of \$299,624 expended from open space funds designated for capital acquisition and improvements. These open space funds for capital acquisition and improvement increased this year due to the issuance of the 2008 series general obligation bonds.
- Total cost of all programs was virtually unchanged except for the Road and Bridge Fund incurred an increase in capital outlays for road resurfacing.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$274,281 or approximately 49% of total General Fund expenditures. The Road and Bridge Fund, a reserved fund had a balance of \$627,818 approximately 39% of total Road and Bridge expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the township's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 30. For governmental activities, these fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the township's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the township's individual funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 4 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Net Assets reports information on all of the township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the township is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other non-financial factors, such as changes in the township's property tax base is necessary to assess the overall health of the township.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The governmental activities of the township include general government, public welfare, recreation and preservation of open land. Real estate taxes and governmental revenues (e.g. grants, permit fees) finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The township, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the township are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the township's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The township maintains five governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the major funds and combines the nonmajor governmental funds in the balance sheet and in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The major funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and Open Space Fund. The remaining nonmajor governmental funds are the General Assistance Fund, and the Parks and Recreation Fund.

The township adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget in the required supplementary information section.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 9 of this report. Included in the notes is the required supplementary information concerning the Township's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) pension obligations and detail for long-term debt.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Assets

Net asset may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$16,276,729. As previously mentioned the increase is mainly due to \$2.2 million in roadway capital assets; stated in the Statement of Activities as an extraordinary item. These roadway capital assets were under the jurisdiction of the Village of Campton Hills when the village incorporated in April 2007. Previously these roadways were in Campton Township's Road District. There were several deannexation petitions filed after the incorporation of the village and the \$2.2 million represents the petitions that have been judicially approved.

Other significant changes were a \$4.4million increase in long-term debt outstanding. This change is a net of a \$5.6 million increase from the issuance of the 2008 series general obligation bonds offset by a repayment of long debt of \$1.2 million. The issuance of the 2008 series general obligation bonds is the main factor in the \$5.5 million increase of current and other assets.

Statement of Net Assets As of March 31

	120 02 1.2002		
		<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$	13,137,100	18,612,663
Capital Assets		43,722,332	45,970,719
Total Assets		56,859,432	64,583,382
Current Liabilities		5,388,939	5,613,452
Non-current debt due within one year		1,181,315	1,166,647
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		37,066,299	41,526,554
Total Liabilities		43,636,553	48,306,653
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt		8,774,480	12,073,687
Restricted for			
Road and bridges		674,884	627,818
Open Spaces		3,878,375	3,626,826
Unrestricted		(104,860)	(51,602)
Total Net Assets	\$	13,222,879	16,276,729

Statement of Net Assets (Continued)

Investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, equipment) accounts for a major portion of the Township's net assets. Non-depreciable capital assets total \$41,196,476 of the net Capital Assets of \$45,970,719. The net capital assets by fund are: \$2.2 million - General Fund; \$4.2 million - Road and Bridge Fund; \$39.5 million - Open Space Fund. These capital assets provided services to citizens; consequently, these assets were not available for spending. See additional comment regarding capital assets on page 6 of this report.

Changes In Net Assets

	111	1100000	
		<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	58,725	21,692
Operating grants & contributions		127,520	190,493
Capital grants & contributions		1,159,473	52,000
General Revenues			
Property Taxes		4,032,572	4,616,094
Replacement Taxes		7,613	6,827
Investment Income		516,668	313,696
Miscellaneous		10,649	11,388
Extraordinary Item		(22,639,798)	2,228,223
Total Revenues	\$	(16,726,578)	7,440,413
Expenses:			
General Government	\$	476,253	546,046
Roads and Bridges		1,513,386	1,692,508
Parks and recreation		144,997	72,078
Open Space		105,326	335,837
Interest on Long Term Debt		1,605,461	1,740,094
Total Expenses	\$	3,845,423	4,386,563
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	(20,572,001)	3,053,850
Net Assets - Beginning	\$	33,794,880	13,222,879
Net Assets - Ending	\$	13,222,879	16,276,729

Changes in Net Assets

The increase in net assets for governmental activities was mainly due to the previously mentioned extraordinary event (\$2.2 million) concerning roadways de-annexed from the recently incorporated Village of Campton Hills. Other key elements in the change are as follows:

- Charges for Services includes: the Road's culvert permits, Town's field fees, and Open Space's wetland's income. Both the culvert permits and wetland's income are affected by the decrease in new construction and were less than the previous year's revenue.
- Operating grants and contributions is primarily from intergovernmental agreements. The Road and Bridge Fund received additional intergovernmental revenues this year due to collecting a full year of revenues. In fiscal year 2007-2008 intergovernmental agreements were created between the newly created Village of Campton Hills and the Campton Township Road District. These agreements provided for the Road District to continue to maintain the roads previously under the Township jurisdiction and to perform additional work on other Village roads as requested. These agreements caused \$114,000 (\$67,000 for the partial year of 2008) in Motor Fuel Taxes (MFT) to go directly to the Road District. The MFT taxes were previously held as a credit in a motor fuel fund supervised by Kane County. Additional work performed for the Village (Plato area roads in Village) generated \$75,000 revenue for the Road District compared to \$50,000 in 2008.
- Capital grants received were a \$50,000 grant from the State of Illinois for capital improvements (community center parking lot) and a \$2,000 grant from Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund Projects for Harley Woods.
- Property taxes levied for General Fund and Road and Bridge increased by 5.2% for fiscal year 2009. This reflects the increase in the rate of inflation, plus new construction in the township added to the township assessment records. Property taxes levied for Open Space are set by resolution from the various bond issuances increased by 21%. The Open Space tax receipts are restricted to general obligation bond payments only and nearly offset the amount of bond interest expense payments and principal reduction payments due during the fiscal year.
- Investment income has decreased due to declining interest rates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. As of the end of the current fiscal year, combined spendable ending fund balances was \$13.1 million, which is an increase from last year's total of \$8.1 million. This increase is primarily due to the 2008 bond series issuance in Open Space Fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year for the major funds, there was an unreserved fund balance of \$274,281 for the General Fund, reserved funds for the Road and Bridge Fund of \$610,290 and \$12,378,897 of reserved funds for the Open Space Fund that may be used to meet the government's on going obligations and programs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The township board approved the allowable budget line item transfers under 10%. Other than the 5% line increase for the Road Fund's contractual services (road resurfacing) nearly all of the adjustments were minor line item adjustments under 1% in the various fund budgets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets as of March 31, 2009 was \$45,970,719 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings & improvements, equipment & vehicles and road infrastructure.

As previously mentioned capital assets increased by \$2.2 million. This extraordinary event was due to roadways returned to Campton Township Road District jurisdiction from approved deannexation petitions leaving the newly incorporated Village of Campton Hills. Approximately \$200,000 of development expenditures completed Poynor Park's phase one development and the park celebrated its grand opening on May 9, 2009.

The township continues to plan for future land purchases under the Open Space Program. Additional information of the township's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 16-17.

Debt

At year-end, the township Open Space program had outstanding bond debt of \$42,480,000. Detail information regarding the township's debt can be found in note 6 on pages 18 - 21.

As of March 31, 2009, bonds in the amount of \$25,780,000 had been issued under the Open Space referendum of April 5, 2005 that authorized the township to issue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$28,385,000. This fiscal year general obligation bonds were issued: Taxable Series 2008A in the amount of \$280,000 and Series 2008B in the amount of \$5,310,000. This issuance leaves approximately \$2.5 million of authority to issue bonds under the Open Space referendum of April 5, 2005.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The township receives most of its revenue from property taxes. Current economic factors have slowed the growth of the property tax base of the township, although this does not cause a decrease in property tax receipts. The flat CPI does have an effect on property tax revenues. The township anticipates this flat growth in the property taxes for fiscal year 2009-2010 and the township is considering this in their forecast and budgeting process.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the township's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Township Supervisor, Campton Township, 4N498 Town Hall Road, St. Charles, IL 60175.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2010

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 8,285,591
Receivables (net, where applicable	\$ 6,265,571
of allowances for uncollectibles)	
Taxes	5,242,439
Accrued interest	161,395
Allotments	34,345
Other	16,795
Prepaid expenses	23,428
Unamortized bond issuance costs	301,980
Capital assets, not being depreciated	48,168,648
Capital assets, being depreciated (net of	10,100,010
accumulated depreciation)	5,561,326
Total assets	67,795,947
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	149,412
Accrued payroll	36,584
Accrued interest	645,985
Deferred revenue	5,256,689
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	1,351,355
Due in more than one year	42,705,000
Total liabilities	50,145,025
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets,	
net of related debt	11,040,870
Restricted for	
Roads and bridges	585,844
Open spaces	6,115,309
Parks and recreation	555
Capital projects	50,046
Unrestricted	(141,702)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 17,650,922

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2010

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		I harges Services		am Revenue Operating Grants	es	Capital Grants	R I	et (Expense) evenue and Change in Net Assets Primary Government overnmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities General government	\$	541,969	\$	380	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(541,589)
Highways and streets Parks and recreation Open space Interest		1,682,728 78,682 351,663 1,941,281		6,450 7,666 13,928		158,216 - -		- - -		(1,518,062) (71,016) (337,735) (1,941,281)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	4,596,323	\$	28,424	\$	158,216	\$	-		(4,409,683)
			Gene	ral Revenu es	es					
				operty taxe						4,885,102
				eplacement						6,217
				estment ind						229,638 4,519
				aordinary it						658,400
			5	Γotal						5,783,876
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS								1,374,193	
			NET	ASSETS, A	APR	IL 1				16,276,729
			NET	ASSETS, I	MAR	CH 31			\$	17,650,922

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

March 31, 2010

	General]	Road and	Open		
	 (Town)		Bridge	Space	Nonmajor	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 239,932	\$	586,014	\$ 7,384,582	\$ 75,063	\$ 8,285,591
Receivables (net)						
Taxes	563,931		1,519,699	3,158,809	-	5,242,439
Accrued interest	-		-	161,159	236	161,395
Allotments	-		34,345	-	-	34,345
Other	-		16,795	-	-	16,795
Prepaid items	 4,488		12,563	6,377	-	23,428
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 808,351	\$	2,169,416	\$ 10,710,927	\$ 75,299	\$ 13,763,993
LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 8,986	\$	47,060	\$ 93,366	\$ -	\$ 149,412
Accrued payroll	13,028		16,813	6,743	-	36,584
Deferred revenue	 563,931		1,519,699	3,173,059	-	5,256,689
Total liabilities	 585,945		1,583,572	3,273,168	-	5,442,685
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for prepaid items	4,488		12,563	6,377	-	23,428
Reserved for roads and bridges	´-		573,281	_	-	573,281
Reserved for open spaces	-		-	7,431,382	-	7,431,382
Reserved for parks and recreation	-		-	-	555	555
Reserved for capital projects	-		-	_	50,046	50,046
Unreserved						
Undesignated - Special Revenue Funds	-		-	_	24,698	24,698
Undesignated - General Fund	 217,918		-	-	· -	217,918
Total fund balances	222,406		585,844	7,437,759	75,299	8,321,308
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$ 808,351	\$	2,169,416	\$ 10,710,927	\$ 75,299	\$ 13,763,993

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2010

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 8,321,308
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental	
funds	53,729,974
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	
Bonds	(43,910,000)
Capital leases	(22,804)
Unamortized premium	(78,750)
Compensated absences payable	(44,801)
The unamortized issuance costs on bonds is reported as a	
deferred charge on the statement of net assets	301,980
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is shown as a liability on the statement of net assets	(645,985)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 17,650,922

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2010

	General (Town)	I	Road and Bridge	Open Space	No	onmajor		Total
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 555,398	\$	1,417,096	\$ 2,918,825	\$	_	\$	4,891,319
Charges for services	7,150		6,450	13,928	·	-	·	27,528
Intergovernmental	516		158,216	-		-		158,732
Investment income	562		1,133	227,545		398		229,638
Miscellaneous	475		3,352	160		912		4,899
Total revenues	564,101		1,586,247	3,160,458		1,310		5,312,116
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	519,832		-	-		2,187		522,019
Highways and streets	-		1,067,550	-		-		1,067,550
Parks and recreation	37,968		-	-		-		37,968
Open space	-		-	260,489		-		260,489
Capital outlay	235		494,677	7,365,060		-		7,859,972
Debt service								
Principal	-		65,994	1,055,000		-		1,120,994
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	1,908,331		-		1,908,331
Total expenditures	558,035		1,628,221	10,588,880		2,187		12,777,323
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	6,066		(41,974)	(7,428,422)		(877)		(7,465,207)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	5,000		-	-		67,000		72,000
Transfers (out)	(67,000)		-	(5,000)		-		(72,000)
Bonds issued, at par	-		-	2,485,000		-		2,485,000
Premium on issuance of bonds	-		-	88		-		88
Total other financing sources (uses)	(62,000)		-	2,480,088		67,000		2,485,088
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(55,934)		(41,974)	(4,948,334)		66,123		(4,980,119)
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 1	278,340		627,818	12,386,093		9,176		13,301,427
FUND BALANCES, MARCH 31	\$ 222,406	\$	585,844	\$ 7,437,759	\$	75,299	\$	8,321,308

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2010

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (4,980,119)
	ψ (1,500,115)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, they are capitalized in the statement of activities	7,428,892
nowever, they are capitalized in the statement of activities	7,420,892
Depreciation expense does not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(322,857)
expenditures in governmental funds	(322,637)
The loss on disposal of capital assets does not require the use of	
current financial resources, but is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(5,180)
of activities	(5,160)
The reacquisition of capital assets (net of \$14,715 accumulated	
depreciation) is reported as an extraordinary item	658,400
The issuance of long-term debt is shown as an other financing	
source in governmental funds, but as a liability on the statement	
of net assets	(2,485,000)
Repayment of long-term obligations is shown as an expenditure in	
governmental funds, but as a reduction of liability on the statement	
of net assets Bonds	1,055,000
Capital leases	65,994
	,
The cost of issuance of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but is reported as a deferred charge and amortized	
over the life of the bonds on the statement of net assets	65,025
	,
The amortization of deferred charges is shown as a decrease in interest	(24,023)
expense on the statement of activities	(24,023)
The amortization of premium is shown as an increase in interest	
expense on the statement of activities	8,751
The increase in accrued interest on long-term debt is shown	
as an increase of expense on the statement of activities	(82,791)
The increase in the compensated absences liability is shown	
as an increase of expense on the statement of activities	(7,899)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,374,193
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	φ 1,574,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Campton Township (the Township) was incorporated in 1850. The Township operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: general assistance, road and bridge, assessment of properties, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected board. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Township (the primary government). There are no component units included in the Township's reporting entity.

b. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into the following category: governmental.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the Township's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general (town) fund is used to account for all activities of the Township not accounted for in some other fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General (Town) Fund accounts for the resources traditionally associated with the Township's operations that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund (special revenue) accounts for the revenues and expenditures needed to finance the maintenance and construction of the Township's roads and bridges.

The Open Space Fund (capital projects) accounts for monies received from the sale of general obligation bonds, the proceeds of which are to be used for the purchase and management of open space within the Township.

d. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

d. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. Donations are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The Township reports deferred revenue on its financial statements. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the Township before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Township has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash consists of demand deposits. Investments are stated at fair value, except for nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and investments with a maturity of less than one year at date of purchase which are stated at cost.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000, \$10,000, or \$50,000 for equipment, buildings, and infrastructure, respectively. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

f. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years			
Land improvements	20			
Buildings and improvements	20-50			
Equipment and vehicles	5-10			
Infrastructure	50			

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of governmental activities are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

i. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues or expenditures/expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Fund Balances/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the Township's net assets have been restricted by enabling legislation adopted by the Township. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct or acquire capital assets.

1. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

The Township's investment policy authorizes the Township to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Comptroller that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value), and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The Township's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

It is the policy of the Township to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Township and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 110% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the Township, an independent third-party, or the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Township's debt securities as of March 31, 2010:

		Investment Maturities in Years						
	Fair	Less than			Greater than			
Investment Type	Value	1	1-5	6-10	10			
Negotiable CDs Money market	\$ 5,705,628	\$ 4,200,366	\$ 1,505,262 \$	-	\$ -			
mutual funds	399,531	399,531	_	_				
TOTAL	\$ 6,105,159	\$ 4,599,897	\$ 1,505,262 \$	-	\$ -			

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Township limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Township limits its exposure to credit risk by requiring investments primarily in negotiable CDs and money market mutual funds rated AAA.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Township's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third-party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Township has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Township's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. No financial institution shall hold more than 20% of the Township's investment portfolio, exclusive of any securities held in safekeeping; Illinois Funds shall not exceed 40% of the investment portfolio; and IMET shall not exceed 10% of the investment portfolio.

3. RECEIVABLES - TAXES

Property taxes for 2009 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2009, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2010 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2010 and September 1, 2010. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at .5% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. Property tax receivable balances in the financial statements appear net of this allowance.

The 2010 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2010, has not been recorded as a receivable as of March 31, 2010 as the tax has not yet been levied by the Township and will not be levied until December 2010 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at March 31, 2010.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2010 was as follows:

	 Balances April 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances March 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated		4 F00 FF4	4	
Land	\$ 39,275,244	\$ 6,598,772	\$ - \$	- , ,
Right of way	 1,921,232	373,400	-	2,294,632
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 41,196,476	6,972,172	-	48,168,648
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	2,028,956	119,986	-	2,148,942
Buildings and improvements	1,487,289	629,039	-	2,116,328
Equipment and vehicles	1,392,352	66,381	71,450	1,387,283
Infrastructure	3,473,312	299,714	-	3,773,026
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,381,909	1,115,120	71,450	9,425,579
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	447,827	107,448	-	555,275
Buildings and improvements	235,181	42,316	-	277,497
Equipment and vehicles	1,028,379	85,426	66,270	1,047,535
Infrastructure	 1,896,279	87,667	-	1,983,946
Total accumulated depreciation	 3,607,666	322,857	66,270	3,864,253
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 4,774,243	792,263	5,180	5,561,326
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 45,970,719	\$ 7,764,435	\$ 5,180 \$	53,729,974

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

General government Highways and streets	\$ 29,214 167,546
Parks and recreation	40,714
Open space	 85,383
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 322,857

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health; and natural disasters.

The Township is a member of Town Organization Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (TOIRMA). TOIRMA is a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member townships in Illinois. The Township pays an annual premium to TOIRMA for its general insurance coverage including property and casualty, workers' compensation, and other risks of loss. The agreement for the formation of TOIRMA provides that TOIRMA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000 for general liability and \$1,000 for workers' compensation for each insured event. In the event that member premiums in any claim year are not sufficient to cover claims incurred during that period, then each participant in the pool would be assessed an additional premium to cover such losses. The Township purchases commercial insurance to cover its employees' health risk. The Township is not aware of any additional premiums due to TOIRMA for prior claim years at March 31, 2010. In addition, the Township purchases third-party indemnity insurance for employee health insurance coverage.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	 Balances April 1	Additions		Reductions		Balances March 31		Due Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Obligation Bonds									
\$9,915,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2001, dated September 5, 2001, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2016) of each year through 2020, at amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$2,585,000. Interest is payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year, at rates ranging from 4.7% to 4.9%.	\$ 9,915,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,915,000	\$	-
\$8,410,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2002B, dated September 9, 2002, principal payments are due annually on December 30 (beginning in 2007) of each year through 2017, at amounts ranging from \$115,000 and \$1,430,000. Interest is payable on June 30 and December 30, at rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.3%.	7,460,000		-		565,000		6,895,000		685,000
\$495,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2005A, dated June 29, 2005, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2007) each year through 2011, at amounts ranging from \$50,000 to \$195,000. Interest is payable on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.6%.	240,000		_		50,000		190,000		190,000
\$9,995,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2005B, dated July 1, 2005, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2012), at amounts ranging from \$60,000 to \$1,940,000. Interest payable on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.0%.	9,995,000		-		-		9,995,000		-

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balances April 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances March 31	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)					
General Obligation Bonds (Continued)					
\$5,060,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2006B, dated July 1, 2006, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2008), at amounts ranging from \$75,000 to \$770,000. Interest payable on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.0%.	\$ 4,985,000 \$	5	- \$	- \$ 4,985,000	\$ 145,000
\$215,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A, dated June 12, 2007, principal payment is due on December 15, 2009. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at 5.55%, beginning June 15, 2008.	215,000		- 215,000) -	-
\$4,080,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2007B, dated July 12, 2007, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2009), at amounts ranging from \$100,000 to \$950,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.125%.	4,080,000		- 100,000	3,980,000	150,000
\$280,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008A, dated September 15, 2008, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2009) through December 15, 2011. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at 4.75% to 4.90%, beginning June 15, 2009.	280,000		- 125,000	0 155,000	105,000

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balances April 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances March 31	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)					
General Obligation Bonds (Continued)					
\$5,310,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2008B, dated September 15, 2008, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2013), at amounts ranging from \$85,000 to \$1,955,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 3.375% to 3.875%.	\$ 5,310,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,310,000	\$ -
\$125,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2010A, dated February 9, 2010, principal payment is due on December 15, 2011 for \$125,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at a rate of 1.45%.	-	125,000	-	125,000	-
\$2,360,000 General Obligation Open Space Bonds, Series 2010B, dated February 9, 2010, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2028), at amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$1,360,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 5.90% to 6.00%.		2,360,000	-	2,360,000	
Total general obligation bonds	42,480,000	2,485,000	1,055,000	43,910,000	1,275,000
Capital Leases					
2006 truck lease 2007 truck lease	43,191 45,607	- -	43,191 22,803	22,804	22,804
Total capital leases	88,798	-	65,994	22,804	22,804
Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds	87,501	-	8,751	78,750	8,750
Compensated absences	36,902	44,801	36,902	44,801	44,801
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 42,693,201	\$ 2,529,801	\$ 1,166,647	\$ 44,056,355	\$ 1,351,355

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize to maturity serial debt outstanding as of March 31, 2010 are as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending	General Obligation Bonds				
March 31	Principal	Interest			
2011	\$ 1,275,000 \$	1,859,983			
2011	1,740,000	1,835,858			
2012	2,050,000	1,769,833			
2013	2,430,000	1,687,103			
2015	2,970,000	1,587,485			
2016	3,580,000	1,463,986			
2017	4,155,000	1,314,001			
2018	4,795,000	1,141,870			
2019	5,495,000	936,577			
2020	6,090,000	702,267			
2021	5,180,000	441,845			
2022	1,790,000	212,200			
2023	-	140,600			
2024	-	140,600			
2025	-	140,600			
2026	-	140,600			
2027	-	140,600			
2028	-	140,600			
2029	1,000,000	140,600			
2030	1,360,000	81,600			
TOTAL	\$ 43,910,000 \$	16,018,808			

Obligations of governmental activities under capital leases, including future interest payments, at March 31, 2010, were as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending March 31	Capital Leases
2011	\$ 22,804
Total minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest costs	 22,804 (1,183)
TOTAL	\$ 21,621

Total cost and book value of capital assets purchased under these leases is \$114,016 and \$68,410, respectively.

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers in (out)

Individual fund transfers are as follows:

	Transfers In		Tra	nsfers Out
General (Town) Fund Open Space Fund Nonmajor governmental	\$	5,000 - 67,000	\$	67,000 5,000
TOTAL	\$	72,000	\$	72,000

The purpose of significant transfers during the year are as follows:

\$67,000 transferred from the general fund to nonmajor governmental funds, \$50,000 to provide initial funding to the capital improvement fund from grant funding earmarked for capital related costs and \$17,000 to the parks and recreation fund to forgive a previous loan made to the fund.

8. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Township's defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple-employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statutes.

8. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The Township is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for fiscal year 2010 was 10.47% of payroll. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees.

For March 31, 2010, the Township's annual pension cost of \$100,380 was equal to the Township's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.40% to 10.00% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) postretirement benefit increases of 3.00% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis (overfunded liability amortized on an open basis). The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009 was 23 years.

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions, and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Percentage Cost of APC (APC) Contributed				
2008 2009 2010	\$ 90,348 97,643 100,380	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$		- - -

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status and funding progress of the plan as of December 31, 2009 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,990,749
Actuarial value of plan assets	1,418,102
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	572,647
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	71.23%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 979,355
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	58.47%

9. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

During the year ended March 31, 2010, a portion of the Township's highways and streets were de-annexed from a local village that was formed within the Township's boundaries, back into the Township. This resulted in these streets, which were previously capitalized as part of the village, being taken over by the Township and, therefore, added to the Township's capital assets. The result of this was a contribution of \$658,400. This is reported as an extraordinary item on the statement of activities due to the infrequent and unusual nature of the transaction, and the fact that this process was outside of the Township's control.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLYOMENT BENEFITS

The Township has evaluated its potential other postemployment benefits liability. The Township provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statues, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Township are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, no former employees have chosen to stay in the Township's health insurance plan. Therefore, there has been 0% utilization and, therefore, no implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Additionally, the Township had no former employees for which the Township was providing an explicit subsidy and no current employees with agreements for future explicit subsidies upon retirement. Therefore, the Township has not recorded any postemployment benefit liability as of March 31, 2010.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	(Original	Final		
		Budget	Budget		Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	557,000	\$ 555,300	\$	555,398
Charges for services		8,500	7,150		7,150
Intergovernmental		-	500		516
Investment income		1,500	550		562
Miscellaneous		1,000	-		475
Total revenues		568,000	563,500		564,101
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government					
Administration		270,700	273,700		265,688
Assessor's office		262,500	259,100		254,144
Total general government		533,200	532,800		519,832
Parks and recreation					
Park maintenance		42,800	39,100		37,968
Capital outlay		6,000	600		235
Total expenditures		582,000	572,500		558,035
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		(14,000)	(9,000)		6,066
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		14,000	9,000		5,000
Transfers (out)		(50,000)	(50,000)		(67,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(36,000)	(41,000)		(62,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(50,000)	\$ (50,000)	=	(55,934)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1					278,340
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31				\$	222,406

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

		Original		Final		
		Budget		Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	1,421,000	\$	1,416,950	\$	1,417,096
Charges for services	Ф	1,421,000	φ	6,400	Ф	6,450
Intergovernmental		150,000		215,000		158,216
Investment income		4,000		1,100		1,133
Miscellaneous		4,000		2,700		3,352
Wiscenaneous		4,000		2,700		3,332
Total revenues		1,579,000		1,642,150		1,586,247
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Highways and streets						
Administration		260,400		242,350		240,878
Maintenance of roads		863,100		837,000		826,672
Total highways and streets		1,123,500		1,079,350		1,067,550
Capital outlay		389,500		496,800		494,677
Debt service - capital lease		66,000		66,000		65,994
1		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Total expenditures		1,579,000		1,642,150		1,628,221
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	_	\$	-	=	(41,974)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1						627,818
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31					\$	585,844

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

March 31, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (OAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
2004	\$ 706,267	\$ 906,255	77.93%	\$ 199,988	\$ 629,516	31.77%
2005	852,728	1,113,106	76.61%	260,378	667,438	39.01%
2006	1,023,080	1,331,116	76.86%	308,036	732,373	42.06%
2007	1,194,146	1,478,296	80.78%	284,150	829,638	34.25%
2008	1,227,731	1,722,395	71.28%	494,664	904,101	54.71%
2009	1,418,102	1,990,749	71.23%	572,647	979,355	58.47%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

March 31, 2010

Fiscal Year	nployer tributions_	Re Con	annual equired tribution ARC)	Percentage Contributed
2005	\$ 63,455	\$	63,455	100.00%
2006	68,546		68,546	100.00%
2007	78,364		78,364	100.00%
2008	90,348		90,348	100.00%
2009	97,643		97,643	100.00%
2010	100,380		100,380	100.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

March 31, 2010

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the general, special revenue (except Parks and Recreation Fund), and capital projects funds. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The budget may be amended by the governing body.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, no funds exceeded the legal level of control and one supplementary appropriation was approved.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget		Final Budget	Actual		
CURRENT						
General government						
Administration						
Personal services						
Salaries	\$	176,694	\$	176,694	\$	170,086
Insurance		47,300		41,100		40,752
Employee benefits						
FICA		13,745		13,745		13,231
IMRF		17,861		17,861		17,707
Total personal services		255,600		249,400		241,776
Contractual services						
Auditing services		1,550		1,550		1,529
Legal		750		3,050		3,028
Maintenance and repairs		3,200		20,550		20,460
Postage		1,700		600		594
Publishing		500		550		514
Meetings		1,000		750		735
Dues		1,400		1,300		1,265
Travel		300		100		69
Telephone		2,400		2,400		2,395
Training		900		1,000		992
Publications		500		300		290
Water study		3,000		-		_
Printing		3,000		1,750		1,710
Utilities		3,700		3,050		3,041
Programs		2,000		50		50
Other		1,500		500		480
Less reimbursement from other funds		(16,900)		(16,900)		(16,900)
Total contractual services		10,500		20,600		20,252
Commodities						
Office computer supplies		3,000		2,500		2,472
Computer software support		600		600		600
Maintenance supplies		1,000		600		588
Total commodities		4,600		3,700		3,660
Total administration		270,700		273,700		265,688

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
CURRENT (Continued)					
General government (Continued)					
Assessor's office					
Personal services					
Salaries	\$	173,416	\$	166,000	\$ 165,887
Insurance		21,700		22,000	21,670
Employee benefits					
FICA		13,267		12,700	12,690
IMRF		16,817		16,900	16,876
Total personal services		225,200		217,600	217,123
Contractual services					
Rentals		500		500	480
Postage		260		100	92
Telephone		5,400		4,200	4,068
Dues		600		600	285
Utilities		8,500		6,300	6,199
Travel		3,800		3,800	2,219
Maintenance and repairs		5,240		5,550	5,320
Training		1,500		1,500	1,099
Publications		1,200		1,350	1,339
Other		500		500	327
Total contractual services		27,500		24,400	21,428
Commodities					
Office supplies		4,000		4,000	3,487
Computer supplies		1,000		1,000	119
Computer software support		4,000		5,900	5,855
Uniforms		800		800	732
Total commodities		9,800		11,700	10,193
Capital expenditures					
Equipment		-		5,400	5,400
Total capital expenditures		-		5,400	5,400
Total assessor's office		262,500		259,100	254,144
Total general government		533,200		532,800	519,832

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
CURRENT (Continued)						
Parks and recreation						
Park maintenance						
Personal services						
Salaries	\$	25,740	\$	26,140	\$	26,006
Insurance		145		145		130
Employee benefits						
FICA		1,971		1,995		1,990
IMRF		1,094		1,180		1,179
Total personal services		28,950		29,460		29,305
Contractual services						
Rentals		4,200		3,700		3,663
Utilities		1,000		1,000		754
Travel		1,500		600		589
Maintenance and repairs		950		640		495
Total contractual services		7,650		5,940		5,501
Commodities						
Fuel		1,800		1,900		1,843
Equipment		400		200		_
Maintenance supplies		3,700		1,300		1,019
Uniforms		300		300		300
Total commodities		6,200		3,700		3,162
Total parks and recreation		42,800		39,100		37,968
CAPITAL OUTLAY	_	6,000		600		235
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	582,000	\$	572,500	\$	558,035

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
CURRENT			
Highways and streets			
Administration			
Personal services			
Insurance	\$ 189,00	0 \$ 181,300	\$ 181,217
Total personal services	189,00	0 181,300	181,217
Contractual services	1.60	000	5.65
Drug and alcohol test	1,60		565 1,505
Legal Audit	3,50 4,05		4,031
Postage	1,60		955
Publishing	2,40		1,042
Training, travel, and dues	1,30		1,522
EPA fee	1,00		1,000
Printing	75		100
Timenig		100	100
Total contractual services	16,20	0 10,900	10,720
Commodities			
Telephone	12,00	0 11,000	10,998
Office supplies	3,00	3,000	2,357
Utilities	29,00	0 22,500	22,115
Satellite services	1,00	0 2,100	2,058
Photo items	50	0 250	201
Uniforms	8,00	9,600	9,578
Office equipment	50	0 700	697
Other commodities	1,20	0 1,000	937
Total commodities	55,20	50,150	48,941
Total administration	260,40	0 242,350	240,878
Maintenance of roads			
Personal services			
Salaries	490,98	493,080	492,865
Employee benefits	470,70	475,000	472,003
FICA	37,56	37,560	36,061
IMRF	51,56		51,738
		21,.00	21,723
Total personal services	580,10	0 582,400	580,664

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
CURRENT (Continued)			
Highways and streets (Continued)			
Maintenance of roads (Continued)			
Contractual services			
Equipment repair	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,800	\$ 15,782
Rentals	2,000	8,200	8,176
Total contractual services	17,000	24,000	23,958
Commodities			
Repair parts - equipment	30,000	34,600	33,258
Road rock, gravel, and sand	18,000	14,700	14,185
Black top	12,500	11,500	10,199
Signs and posts	10,000	5,800	5,677
Road maintenance supplies	10,000	9,000	8,983
Ice control chemicals	115,000	97,000	92,622
Batteries, signs, and shop supplies	1,000	1,100	1,030
Shop supplies	8,000	9,300	9,279
Gasoline	20,000	14,500	14,395
Diesel	36,500	27,500	26,966
Lube oil	3,000	3,200	3,150
Small tools	2,000	2,400	2,306
Total commodities	266,000	230,600	222,050
Total maintenance of roads	863,100	837,000	826,672
Total highways and streets	1,123,500	1,079,350	1,067,550
Capital outlay			
Building maintenance	1,500	6,400	6,352
Road paving	350,000	417,200	417,174
Trees, tiles, and other services	10,000	29,900	29,820
Culverts	7,500	9,700	9,682
Engineering	1,000	3,800	3,799
Road and shop equipment	19,500	29,800	27,850
Total capital outlay	389,500	496,800	494,677
Debt service - capital lease	66,000	66,000	65,994
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,579,000	\$ 1,642,150	\$ 1,628,221

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPEN SPACE FUND

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	2,897,128	\$ 2,918,000	\$	2,918,825
Charges for services	*	-	-	-	13,928
Investment income		155,000	155,000		227,545
Miscellaneous		-	-		160
Total revenues		3,052,128	3,073,000		3,160,458
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Open space					
Salaries		230,364	196,995		135,754
Insurance		32,288	30,550		30,504
Employee benefits					
FICA		17,623	14,850		14,842
IMRF		13,975	13,975		13,466
Auditing		8,350	8,350		8,340
Office space cost		16,900	16,900		16,900
Postage		1,200	1,000		683
Contract for services		10,000	10,000		9,318
Administration cost		2,300	3,000		2,940
Legal		5,000	5,000		4,163
Rental		3,500	3,000		2,980
Maintenance		19,000	9,200		8,114
Utilities		500	1,500		1,314
Risk management		4,000	4,000		(860)
Publishing		3,000	1,800		1,741
Fuel		2,000	6,150		6,106
Maintenance supplies		-	1,700		1,595
Gravel, limestone, and play dirt		2,000	1,000		605
Office and computer supplies		2,400	2,000		1,984
Total open space		374,400	330,970		260,489
Capital outlay					
Equipment		15,000	28,800		28,705
Land acquisition		2,500,000	7,038,000		7,038,268
Develop Corron Open Lands		171,000	142,000		148,270
Develop Gray Willows		-	1,000		3,857
Develop Headwaters Conservation Area		25,000	40,000		55,775
Develop Mongerson So Open Lands		15,000	12,000		12,607
Develop Poynor Open Lands		85,900	33,000		39,472
Develop Harley Woods		65,000	40,000		35,837
Develop Brown Road		10,000	3,000		2,269
Total capital outlay		2,886,900	7,337,800		7,365,060

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) OPEN SPACE FUND

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges	\$	1,055,000 1,843,229	\$ 1,055,000 1,886,230	\$ 1,055,000 1,908,331
Total debt service		2,898,229	2,941,230	2,963,331
Total expenditures		6,159,529	10,610,000	10,588,880
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,107,401)	(7,537,000)	(7,428,422)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out) Bonds issued, at par Premium on issuance of bonds	_	(9,000) - -	(9,000) 2,461,000	(5,000) 2,485,000 88
Total other financing sources (uses)		(9,000)	2,452,000	2,480,088
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,116,401)	\$ (5,085,000)	(4,948,334)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1				12,386,093
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31				\$ 7,437,759



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

March 31, 2010

		Special	Reveni	ıe			
	General		Parks and		•	Capital	
	As	ssistance	Rec	reation	Im	provements	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Accrued interest receivable	\$	24,462 236	\$	555 -	\$	50,046	\$ 75,063 236
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	24,698	\$	555	\$	50,046	\$ 75,299
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for parks and recreation		-		555		-	555
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		50,046	50,046
Unreserved - special revenue		24,698		-		-	24,698
Total fund balances		24,698		555		50,046	75,299
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	24,698	\$	555	\$	50,046	\$ 75,299

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue					
		General ssistance	P	Parks and ecreation	Capital ovements	Total
REVENUES						
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	352 912	\$	-	\$ 46 -	\$ 398 912
Total revenues		1,264		-	46	1,310
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government		2,187		-	-	2,187
Total expenditures		2,187		-	-	2,187
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(923)		-	46	(877)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		17,000	50,000	67,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		17,000	50,000	67,000
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(923)		17,000	50,046	66,123
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), APRIL 1		25,621		(16,445)	-	9,176
FUND BALANCES, MARCH 31	\$	24,698	\$	555	\$ 50,046	\$ 75,299

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL ASSISTANCE FUND

	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES				
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 100 \$	352 912		
Miscenaneous	 -	912		
Total revenues	 100	1,264		
EXPENDITURES General government				
Administration	100	-		
General assistance benefits	 5,000	2,187		
Total expenditures	 5,100	2,187		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,000)	(923)		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1	_	25,621		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$	24,698		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Final Budget			Actual		
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$	-	\$	46		
Total revenues		-		46		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay		5,000		-		
Total expenditures		5,000		<u>-</u>		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(5,000)		46		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		50,000		50,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,000		50,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	45,000	•	50,046		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1						
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$	50,046		



SCHEDULE OF LAND CASH MONEY

March 31, 2010

On April 8, 1993, the Town Fund received a check from the Office of the Kane County Treasurer in the amount of \$471,561. This satisfied the Township's request for disbursement of land/cash monies in that amount.

The following funds were received by the Parks and Recreation Fund for developer land/cash money:

Date Received	Amount Received		
October 20, 1994	\$	26,834	
March 24, 1995		33,000	
February 20, 1996		4,000	
February 10, 1997		8,004	
November 4, 1997		2,894	
January 26, 1998		45,752	
September 23, 1998		98,040	
July 17, 2000		4,902	
August 7, 2001		11,438	
November 28, 2001		17,974	
June 24, 2002		17,974	
January 22, 2003		17,430	
April 23, 2003		20,335	
December 2, 2003		14,525	
March 15, 2005		72,625	
June 15, 2005		13,072	
December 29, 2005		2,905	
December 18, 2006		8,715	
March 22, 2007		2,905	

SCHEDULE OF LAND PURCHASES

March 31, 2010

In April 1993, 40 acres of land on Brown Road was purchased for \$480,000. This land is to be developed for recreational uses. A contract was entered into with The Lannert Group and Donahue & Thornhill to develop the site in three phases.

In June 1994, the Township submitted a grant application with the Illinois Department of Conservation to assist in the development of the Township's first permanent recreational facility at the Brown Road Site. The formal presentation was made to the State in October 1994, and in January 1995, the State approved a matching grant for \$200,000. In order to maintain the grant, phase one of the project must be completed within 18 months. Phase one was completed during the fiscal year and \$190,000 of the matching grant was received on March 6, 1997 from the State. Costs for development of the Brown Road site since that time have been included in land under capital assets.

On April 6, 2001, the Township purchased vacant land adjacent to the Township Community Park, west of Brown Road, for \$150,000 from Old Second National Bank of Aurora, Illinois.

During the 2002-2003 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases pursuant to their plan to acquire open space which is funded by the issuance of general obligation bonds (see Note 6): on May 21, 2002, approximately 212 acres known as the Corron Road Farm - East for \$3,957,852; on July 12, 2002, property known as the Mongerson Conservation Easement for \$1,100,000; and on December 18, 2002 property known as Shodeen/Corland for \$2,317,829.

During the 2003-2004 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on July 2, 2003, approximately 148 acres known as the Headwaters South Acquisition for \$3,741,402 and on December 15, 2003, property known as the Poynor Farm for \$2,471,000.

During the 2004-2005 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on December 27, 2004, property known as Mongerson - South for \$1,944,421.

During the 2005-2006 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on October 12, 2005, property known as Bull Run-Vanderveen for \$3,002,300 and on November 28, 2005, property known as DeBier-Anderson conservation easement for \$1,362,407.

During the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on April 26, 2006, property known as Brown Road, Chung Property for \$6,185,871.

During the 2007-2008 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on November 15, 2007, property known as Motz Farm addition to HCA for \$2,585,045 and on several dates during the year, the Township purchased several parcels of property, to be known as Harley Woods for \$2,918,265 and the separate Harley Woods conservation easement for \$1,182,837.

During the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on March 1, 2010 the property known as Gray Willow Farm for \$7,003,265